



Pentesting iPhone & iPad Apps

Hack In Paris 2011 – June 17



Who are we?

- Flora Bottaccio
 - Security Analyst at ADVTOOLS
- Sebastien Andrivet
 - Director, co-founder of ADVTOOLS

ADVTOOLS

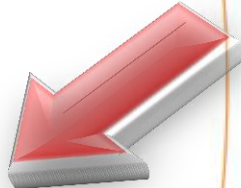
- Swiss company founded in 2002 in Geneva
- Specialized in Information Security & Problems Diagnosis
 - Pentesting
 - Security Audits
 - Forensics
 - Secure Development



Agenda

- Overviews
- Previous researches
- iPhone/iPad application pentest
 - [Our methodology](#)
- Live demonstrations
- Q&A

iOS Application Types

- Web Applications
 - HTML + CSS + Javascript
 - Run inside Safari
- Native Applications: 
 - Written in Objective-C (+ C/C++)
 - Compiled into CPU code: ARM for actual devices, x86 for iOS Simulator
- MonoTouch, Adobe Flash, ...
 - Written in high-level language
 - Compiled into CPU code

iOS Applications

- Distributed as “.ipa” files
 - in fact simply zip files
- Deployed as “.app” directories
 - like on Mac OS X
- Executable code is:
 - **encrypted** with FairPlay DRM (AES)
 - signed with Apple’s signature
 - decryption with GDB or Crackulous

Objective-C

- Objective-C = C + Smalltalk
- Object oriented language
- Created in early 1980s by Stepstone
- Objective-C 2.0 released with Leopard (Mac OS X 10.5)
- Can be mixed with C and C++

Reverse Engineering

- Not so obvious at first:
 - ARM instruction set
 - Objective-C & objc_msgSend
 - Generated code sometimes strange
 - Few (working) scripts and tools
- Finally not so difficult
- Your best friend:
 - Hex-Rays IDA Pro (Win, Mac, Linux)

Data storage

- plist files (Property lists)
 - Used and **abused**
 - Binary (deprecated) or XML
- Sqlite 3
 - From time to time
- Keychain
- Binary data files (aka unknown)

iTunes & Backups

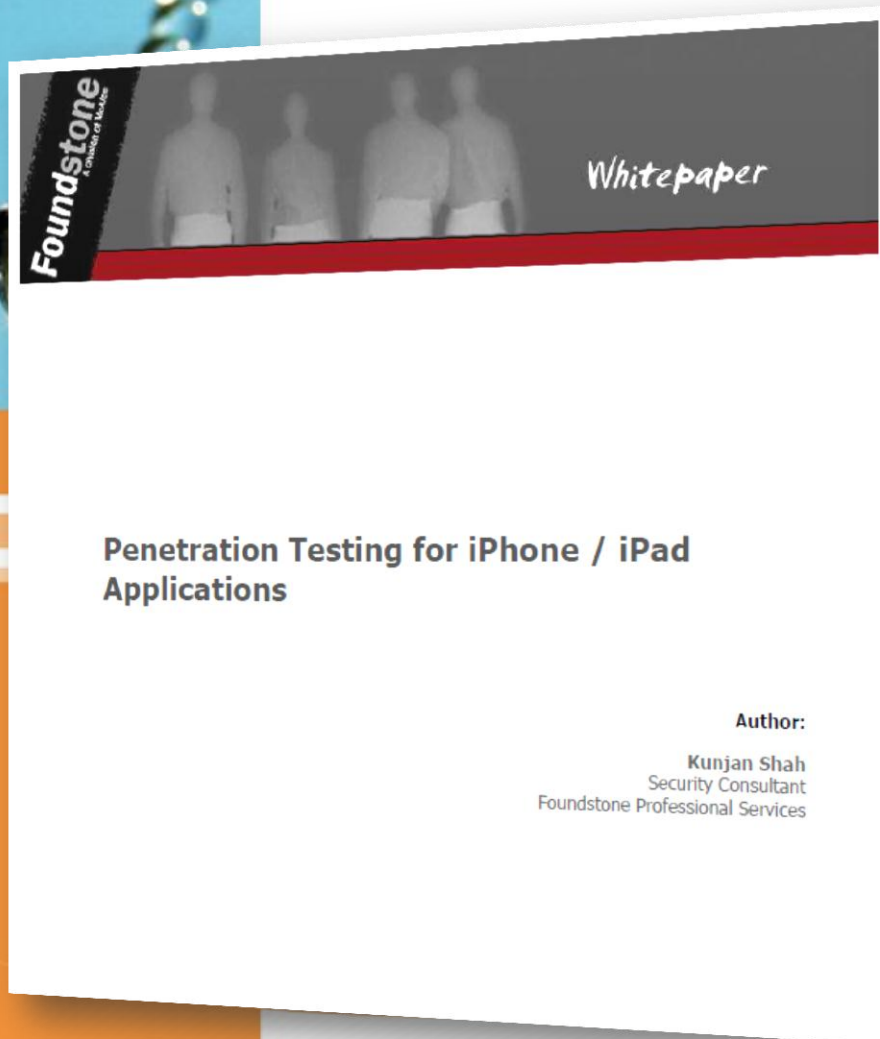
- Every time you connect your device to your computer, a backup is made
- Contains almost all data
- By default, **not encrypted**
- To mitigate security problems:

- Open iTunes when this iPhone is connected
 - Sync only checked songs and videos
 - Prefer standard definition videos
 - Convert higher bit rate songs to 128 kbps AAC
 - Manually manage music and videos
 - Encrypt iPhone backup
- Change Password...

Previous researches

- In general, out of date
- Often inaccurate
- But contain interesting information
- We will give here only some examples

Foundstone (McAfee / Intel)



- Disappointing
- Assumes a lot
- In particular, assumes you have the source code
- If you have the sources, you make a code review, not a pentest

Nicolas Seriot

iPhone Privacy

Nicolas Seriot*
<http://seriot.ch>

Black Hat DC 2010
Arlington, Virginia, USA

Abstract

It is a little known fact that, despite Apple's claims, any applications downloaded from the App Store to a standard iPhone can access a significant quantity of personal data.

This paper explains what data are at risk and how to get them programmatically without the user's knowledge. These data include the phone number, email accounts settings (except passwords), keyboard cache entries, Safari searches and the most recent GPS location.

This paper shows how malicious applications could pass the mandatory App Store review unnoticed and harvest data through officially sanctioned Apple APIs. Some attack scenarios and recommendations are also presented.

Keywords: Apple, iPhone, Security, Privacy, App Store, Malware.

*Nicolas Seriot is a software engineer in Switzerland. He has taught iPhone development at Setite and is now a scientific collaborator at School of Business and Engineering Vaud (HEIG-VD). Nicolas holds a Master's degree in Economic crime investigation.

- Not exactly on the same subject (about privacy)
- **Excellent** source of info
- However, a little out of date (everything is quickly out of date with Apple devices)

DVLabs

(TippingPoint / HP)

TippingPoint Digital Vaccine Laboratories

DVLabs

- ABOUT
- TEAM
- BLOG
- DVLABS ADVISORIES
- UPCOMING
- PUBLISHED
- APPEARANCES
- RESOURCES
- ZERO DAY INITIATIVE
- RSS FEEDS

DID YOU KNOW...

We release at least two Digital Vaccine updates a week to our IPS customers; on average each has about 10 new security filters, many of which are turned on by default.

Reverse Engineering iPhone AppStore Binaries

BY PEDRAM AMINI

FRI 06 MAR 2009 13:09PM 21431 VIEWS 5 COMMENTS LINK

I recently had the need to peek under the hood of an iPhone application I purchased through the AppStore and quickly came to discover that getting started takes a bit more effort than simply dragging and dropping into IDA. I'm certainly not the first person to have done this, but when faced with a new challenge I like to figure it out the hard way at first, to better understand the fine details. This blog entry details how to get an application into a reversible state.

iPhone apps purchased through the AppStore live in your iTunes library under the folder "Mobile Applications". Each app is stored in a zip archive with a .IPA extension. You can simply rename the file to .ZIP and decompress to view the contents. I'll use the game [Fieldrunners](#) as the example in this blog, which is in my opinion, the best iPhone game available. Decompressing and loading `Payload(Fieldrunners.app)Fieldrunners` into IDA 5.4 will properly parse the Mach-O binary, list some symbols and provide you with very little and very odd looking disassembled code. Examining the string table reveals next to nothing. This is because the binary is encrypted, the app is in an unacceptable state for reverse engineering. The iPhone loader is responsible for decryption at run-time so I figured my best bet would be to jailbreak my phone and get on the actual device. Jailbreaking is an impressively easy operation these days, requiring only a few minutes with [QuickPWN](#) and installing some basic necessities like OpenSSH and GDB. Once on the device, you have to find your target applications directory and make a working copy of it:

```
# cd /private/var/mobile/Applications/  
# find ./ -iname \*.app | grep Field  
CA838FFC-8D74-4DB3-AB99-9410A7E860B7/Fieldrunners.app
```

The executable is a 32-bit Mach-O file which consists of 3 main regions. A header, followed by load commands, followed by segments/sections. Here is an illustration (not my own, found it on Google):

```
graph TD
    subgraph Header
        LC[Load commands]
    end
    subgraph Data
        S1[Segment 1]
        S2[Segment 2]
        S3[Segment 3]
    end
    LC --- S1
    LC --- S2
    LC --- S3
```

The diagram illustrates the structure of a Mach-O file. It is divided into three main regions: Header, Load commands, and Data. The Header region contains the Load commands. The Load commands region contains Segment command 1 and Segment command 2. The Data region contains Section 1 data, Section 2 data, and Section 3 data. Arrows indicate the flow of data from the Load commands to the segments/sections.

- Our starting point for decryption of apps
- Old (2009), some assumptions no more valid

ARTeam



Prin

PATCHING APPLICATIONS FROM
APPLE'S APPSTORE WITH
ADDITIONAL PROTECTION



ADV TOOLS S.A.R.L.

- About cracking, not pentesting
- **Brilliant**
- But very old now (2008 & 2009)

Previous Researches

- Some interesting documents available
- Nothing specifically about pentesting iOS application and that is realistic and useable
- This is one of the reasons we make this presentation today

Pentesting iOS Applications

- **Step 1:** Preparing a device
- **Step 2:** Preparing a workstation
- **Step 3:** Preparing a network
- **Step 4:** Pentesting
- **Step 5:** Report

Step 1: Device

- Dedicated iPhone or iPad
- Jailbreak
 - Avoid iPad 2 for the moment
- Install tools

Tools

- Cydia
- APT 0.7 Strict
- adv-cmds
- Darwin CC Tools
- GNU Debugger
- inetutils
- lsof
- MobileTerminal
- netcat
- network-cmds
- nmap
- OpenSSH
- tcpdump
- top
- wget
- Crackulous

Default Passwords

- By default, there are two users:
 - root
 - mobile
- Passwords = alpine
- **Be sure to change them:**
 - passwd
 - passwd mobile

Step 2 : Workstation

- Windows:
 - OK
- Mac OS X (Snow Leopard)
 - Better
- Linux, FreeBSD, ...
 - Good luck!
 - Possible but you will need a Windows to run some tools (virtual machine...)

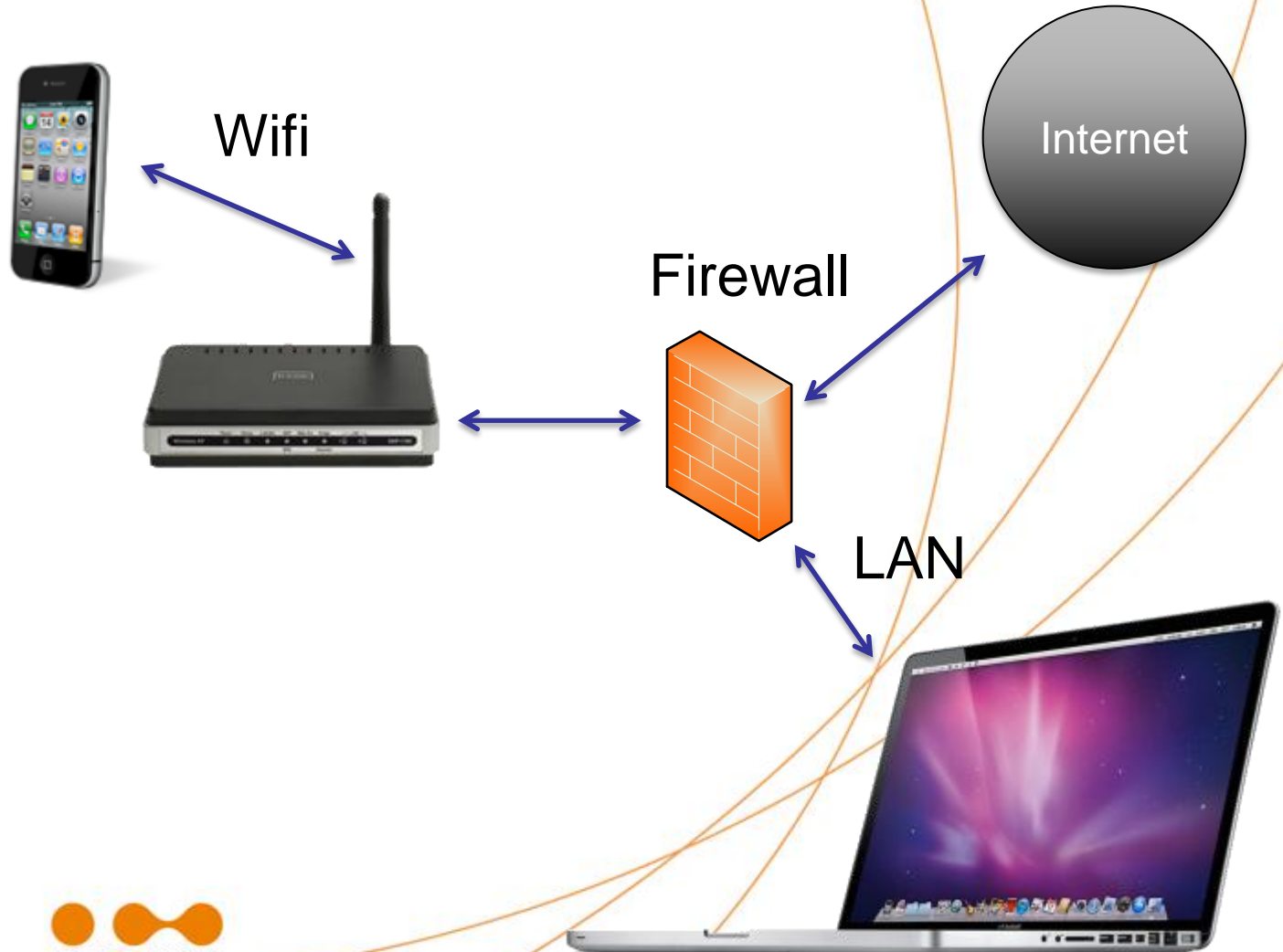
Some Tools

- Windows:
 - SecureCRT or Putty, WinSCP
 - plist Editor for Windows
- Mac OS X:
 - ssh, SecureCRT, Cyberduck
 - XCode
- Windows / Mac:
 - SQLite Database Browser
 - Apple iPhone Configuration Utility
 - Wireshark
 - Burp / WebScarab / ...
 - IDA Pro (+ ARM decompiler)

Our Tools

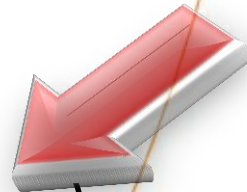
- **ADVsock2pipe**
 - Remote network captures (Windows)
- **ADVinterceptor 2.0**
 - Communications interception
 - DNS & Web Servers
- Will be released in June, 2011
- GPLv3

Step 3: Network

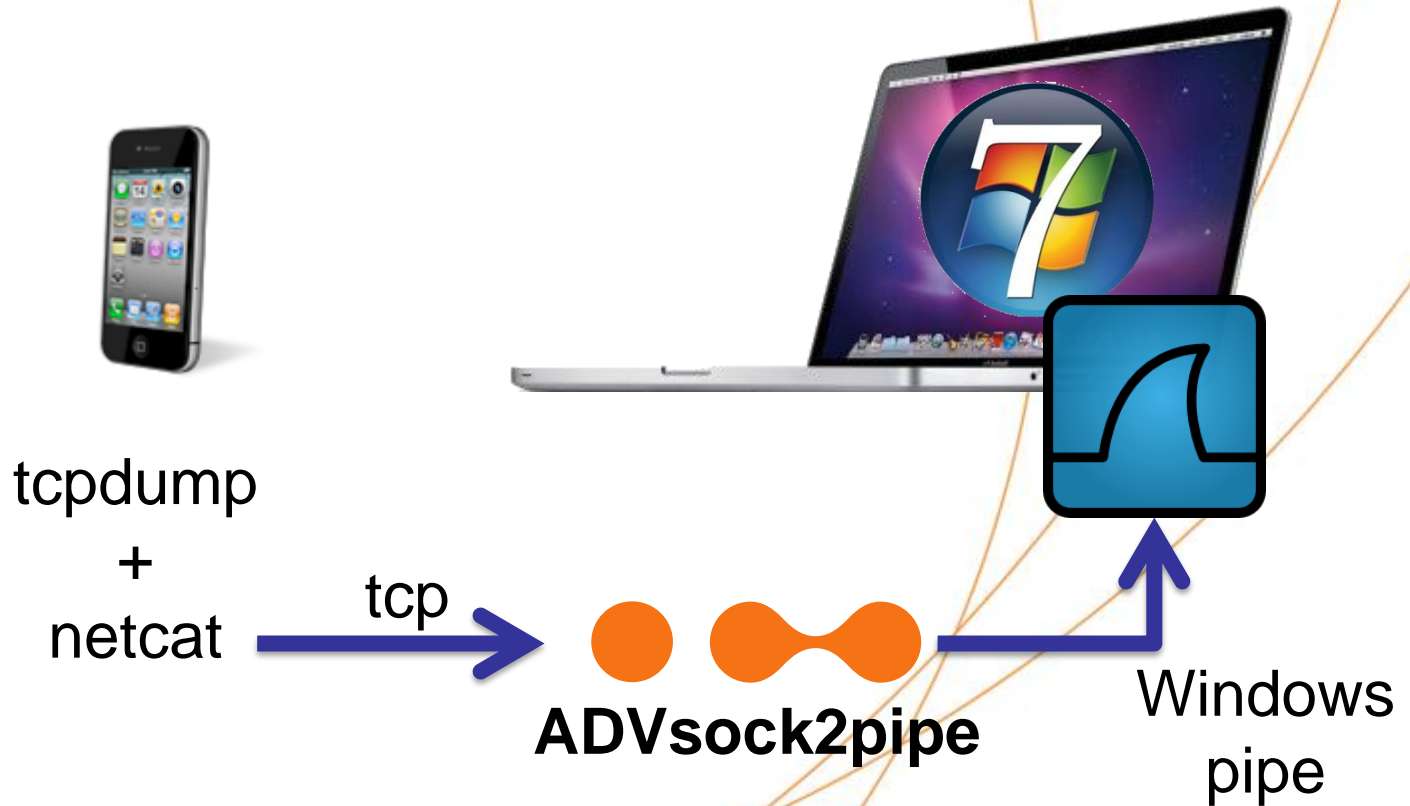


Step 4: Pentesting

- **Step A:** Install app. from iTunes
- **Step B:** Reconnaissance (passive)
 - B.1: Network capture
 - B.2: Interception
 - B.3: Artifacts
 - B.4: Decrypt + Reverse engineering
- **Step C:** Attack (active)
 - C.1: Interception + tampering

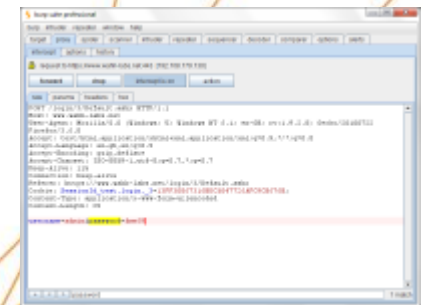


B.1: Network Capture



B.2: Interception

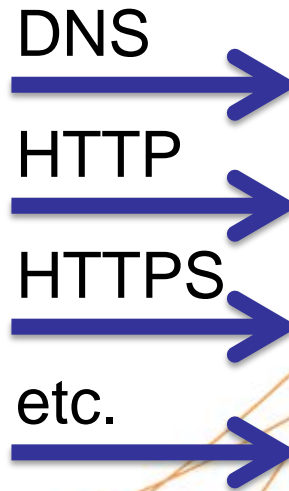
Proxy method



Burp Suite Pro
WebScarab

B.2: Interception

ADVinterceptor



ADVinterceptor 2
(DNS Server,
Web Server,...)

Inject SSL Certificates

- Root from Burp or ADVinterceptor
- Use Apple iPhone Configuration

The image shows two overlapping screenshots. The background is a screenshot of the 'iPhone Configuration Utility' application on a Mac. The window title is 'iPhone Configuration Utility'. It has a menu bar with 'File', 'Edit', 'View', 'Window', and 'Help'. Below the menu bar are icons for 'New', 'Share', and 'Export'. A search bar is visible on the right. The main area is divided into a left sidebar and a main content area. The sidebar has sections for 'LIBRARY' (Devices, Applications, Provisioning Profiles, Configuration Profiles) and 'DEVICES' (iPhone). The main content area shows a table with columns 'Name', 'Identifier', and 'Created'. Below the table is a list of services: LDAP (Not Configured), CalDAV (Not Configured), Subscribed Calendars (Not Configured), CardDAV (Not Configured), Web Clips (Not Configured), Credentials (2 Payloads Configured), SCEP (Not Configured), Mobile Device Management (Not Configured), and Advanced (Not Configured). The 'Credentials' section is expanded, showing two entries:

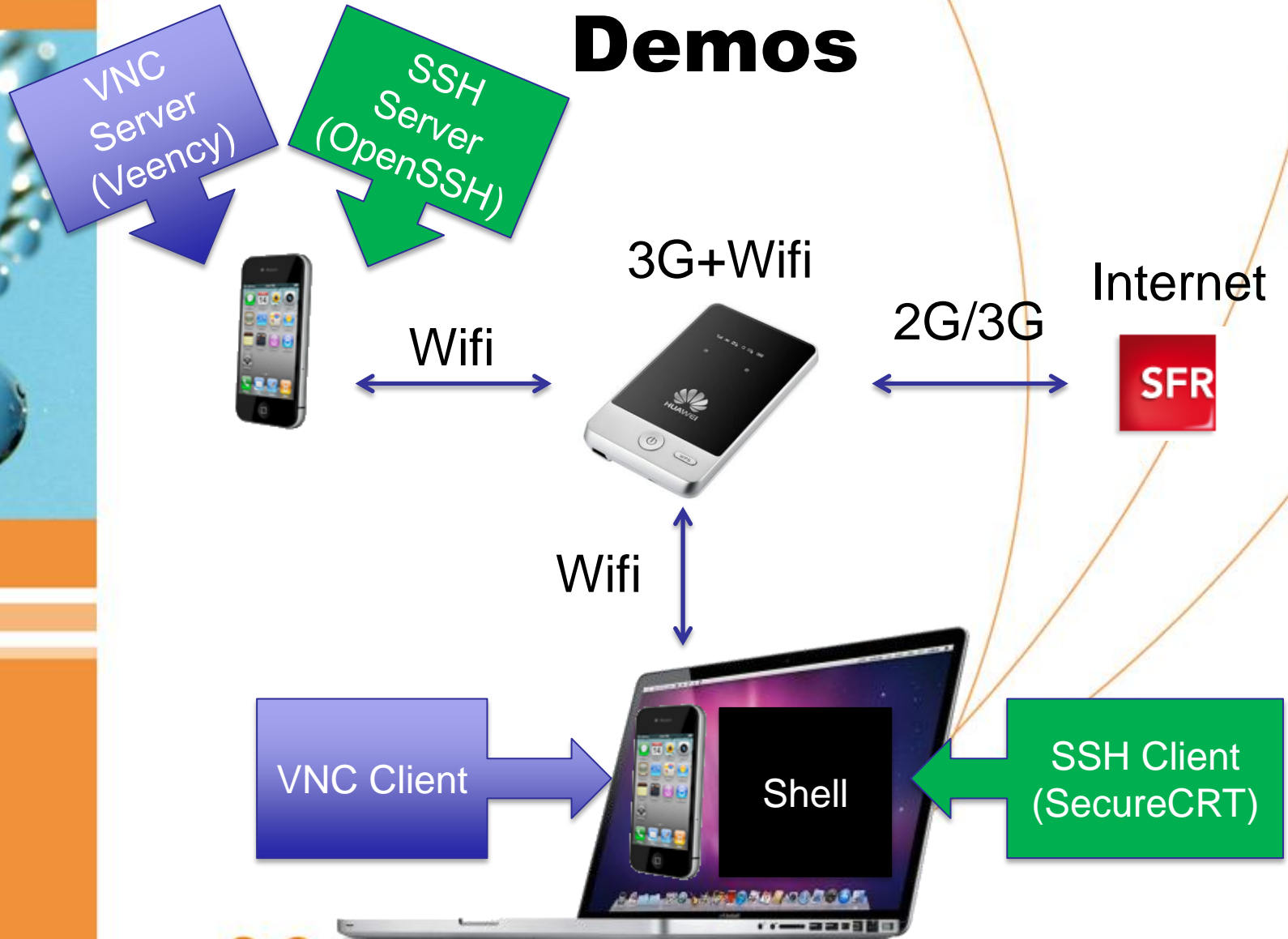
Name	Identifier	Created
iPhone Apps Interception	com.advtools.iphoneprofile.interception	5/10/2011 5:58:23 PM

Below the table, the 'Credential' section is expanded, showing two entries:

Credential Name	Certificate or Identity Data
ADVtools External Root CA	Certificates for inclusion on device.
ADVtools Computer External CA	Certificates for inclusion on device.

The foreground screenshot is from an iPhone, showing the 'Profile' settings page. The status bar at the top shows 'No SIM', signal strength, Wi-Fi, and the time '10:51'. The page title is 'Profile' with a 'General' button. The profile name is 'ADVtools Burp Ro...' and the developer is 'ADVTOOLS'. The profile is marked as 'Verified' with a green checkmark and has a 'Remove' button. The 'Description' section shows: 'Profile description.', 'Signed iPCU CA 907ca688-d134-482d-8371-cd097566e5e3', 'Received May 19, 2011', and 'Contains Certificate'. At the bottom, there is a 'More Details' button with a right-pointing arrow.

Demos



Demos

- Goal is to illustrate the previous points, not to make a complete pentest
- This is also to show the catastrophic level of security of some iOS apps

Demo # 1

- An application that stores “securely” password
- Data are encrypted... except the password

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN" "http://
3 = <plist version="1.0">
4 = <dict>
5   <key>PwMemoryData</key>
6   <array>
7     <dict>
8       <key>Date</key>
9       <string>2011-05-18</string>
10      <key>ID</key>
11      <data>
12      K7Qysrxb4VjoOuUR4Ep7go119T2pgMV+z09J/0SpJCA=
13      </data>
14      <key>Name</key>
15      <data>
16      fPZQhbJBAFyzEofEN8Ma2A==
17      </data>
18      <key>PW</key>
19      <data>
20      osqA+pHFdNxJwY0ci53gCg==
21      </data>
22      <key>Url</key>
23      <data>
24      Fc2A1Z95XmxXMfUQ7+oy70bHMqrUY781Tbrjc9rTy+Y=
25      </data>
26    </dict>
27  </array>
28  <key>PW_Key</key>
29  <string>1235</string>
```


Demo # 2

- Network capture with
 - tcpdump
 - netcap
 - ADVsock2pipe
 - Wireshark

Demo # 3

- French application (passengers)
- Interception with proxy method & Burp
- Password in clear inside the SSL tunnel: not really a problem
- Password also in clear in a file (Property List): not good

Filter: showing all items

#	host	method	URL	params	mod	status	length	MIME type	extension
246	https://[redacted].fr	GET	/s1/iphone/[redacted] Sam/appli/serviceSt...	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	341	text	
247	https://[redacted].fr	GET	/appli/crisis.[redacted]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	381	text	
248	https://[redacted].fr	GET	/s1/iphone/[redacted] Sam/appli/modules...	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	727	JSON	
249	https://[redacted].fr	GET	/s1/iphone/[redacted] Sam/json/midServi...	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	671	JSON	
250	http://[redacted].net	GET	/b/ss/voyage d/0/OIP-2.0/s48508...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	533		
251	http://[redacted].net	GET	/b/ss/voyage d/0/OIP-2.0/s13521...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	533		
252	https://[redacted].fr	GET	/s1/iphone/[redacted] Sam/json/midServi...	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	670	JSON	
253	http://[redacted].net	GET	/b/ss/voyage d/0/OIP-2.0/s86323...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	534		

```

GET
/s1/iphone/Mobile/[redacted]/json/midService/%7B%22MIDRequest%22%3A%7B%22callType%22%3A%22AU
THERIFICATION%22%2C%22login%22%3A%22anne%22%2C%22password%22%3A%22itisfast%22%7D%7D
HTTP/1.1
Host: ws[redacted].fr
User-Agent: [redacted] 4.1 CFNetwork/485.12.7 Darwin/10.4.0
Iphone-Identifier: [redacted]
Application-Version: 4.1
Application-User-Agent: iPhone (iPhone OS 4.2.1) - [320x480@1x]
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: en-us
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Cookie: [redacted] Session=[redacted]; [redacted]=[redacted]
Connection: keep-alive
Proxy-Connection: keep-alive
    
```



```
com. .... .app.plist - plist Editor for Windows
File Edit View Help
XML View
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN" "http://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd">
3 <plist version="1.0">
4   <dict>
5     <key>kVSAuthenticationServiceLoginDidFinishSuccessfullyOnce</key>
6     <true/>
7     <key>kVSMMainPassengerInformationServiceMainPassengerInformation</key>
8     <data>
9     YnBsaxNOMDDUAQIDBAUIZGVUJHRvcFgkb2JqZWNOc1gkdmVyc2lublkkYXJjaG12ZXLR
10    BgdUcm9vdIABrgkKNztDRklMT1JVW1xgVSRudWxs3xANCwwNDg8QERITFBUWFxgZGhsc
11    .....
12    .....
13    .....
14    .....
15    .....
16    .....
17    .....
18    .....
19    .....
20    .....
21    .....
22    bG10eUNhcmReVlNGaWR1bG10eUNhcmISPD1hY6J1QV8QF1ZTUGFzc2VuZ2VySW5mb3Jt
23    YXRpb25fEBZUW1Bhc3N1bmd1ckluZm9ybWFOaW9uEgABhQBFEA9OU0tleWVkcXJjaG12
24    ZXIACAAARABYAHwAcADIANQA6ADwASwBRAIAAhwCMAJkApACzAL0AkgDNANYA3ADpAPwB
25    AwELAROBJwEuAToBQQFJAVEBXAFwAWABYgFkAWYBAfQAWwBbgFwAXIBcwF1AXcBeQF6
26    ..... HtAfIB9wH5Af4CCwINAhIC
27    ..... gCjQQAp8CrgKzArYCzwLo
28    .....
29   </data>
30   <key>kVSMMainPassengerInformationServiceMainPassengerInformationIsAvailable</key>
31   <true/>
32   <key>kVSTravelCatalog</key>
33   <data>
34   YnBsaxNOMDDUAQIDBAUIFhxUJHRvcFgkb2JqZWNOc1gkdmVyc2lublkkYXJjaG12ZXLR
35   BgdUcm9vdIABowkKD ..... amVjdHNWJGNsYXNzoIAC0hAREhZY
36   JGNsYXNzZXNaJGNsY ..... Ymx1QXJyYX1lXT1NBcnJheVhOU09i
37   amVjdF50U011dGFib ..... X11ZEfYy2hpdmVyCEBWHygyNT08
38   QE2LV1leYGVueXZML ..... ABkAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAADD
39   </data>
40   <key>kVSUserDefaultsConfigurationVersion</key>
41   <integer>3</integer>
42   <key>kVSUserLogin</key>
43   <string>anne</string>
44   <key>kVSUserPassword</key>
45   <string>itisfast</string>
46 </dict>
47 </plist>
```

Demo # 4

- French retailer
- Interception with
 - ADVinterceptor + Burp
- No SSL
- First message (CheckLogin)
 - Password “encrypted” with CRC64
- Second message (Login)
 - Password in clear!

346	http://[redacted].com	GET	/hi/[redacted]&s2=1&lng=en_US&os=...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	411	GIF	x
347	http://[redacted].com	GET	/m/[redacted]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	204	192		
348	http://[redacted].com	GET	/hi/[redacted]exion%20&x1=1%20&x2=...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	411	GIF	x
349	http://[redacted].com	GET	/hi/[redacted]&s2=1&lng=en_US&os=...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	411	GIF	x
350	http://[redacted].com	GET	/m/[redacted]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	204	192		
351	http://[redacted].com	GET	/hi/[redacted]exion%20&x1=1%20&x2=...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	411	GIF	x
352	http://[redacted].com	GET	/cc/[redacted]/.json?__sequence=Che...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	1009	JSON	j:
353	http://[redacted].com	GET	/cc/[redacted]/.json?__sequence=Get...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	171229	JSON	j:
354	http://[redacted].com	GET	/cc/[redacted]/.json?__sequence=Get...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	982	JSON	j:
355	http://[redacted].com	GET	/cc/[redacted]/.json?__sequence=Logi...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	779	JSON	j:
356	http://[redacted].com	GET	/hi/[redacted]panier::Panier_vide&s2=...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	411	GIF	x
357	http://[redacted].com	GET	/hi/[redacted]panier::Panier&s2=1&lng=...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	411	GIF	x

request response

raw params headers hex

```

GET
/[redacted].com/.json?__sequence=CheckLogin&login=anne[redacted]@gmail.com&
password=1AB8AE55F2C884F0&use[redacted]=1 HTTP/1.1
Host: m[redacted].com
User-Agent: m[redacted]-iphone/2.0 CFNetwork/485.12.7 Darwin/10.4.0
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: en-us
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Pragma: no-cache
Connection: keep-alive

```

+ < > password 1 match

Thank you

To contact us:

flora@advtools.com

sebastien@advtools.com



www.advtools.com

